The
Janitor's
Boy
Nathalia
Crane
In Memory of
RUDOLPH WEAVER
Fellow of the American Institute of Architects
Who organized the School of Architecture at the University of Florida in 1925 and was its Director, also Architect to the Board of Control, until his death, November 10, 1944.
THE JANITOR'S BOY
AND OTHER POEMS
Nathalia Clara Ruth Crone
Foreword, by
WILLIAM ROSE BENET

Nathalia at Ten, by
NUNNALLY JOHNSON

Afterword, by
EDMUND LEAMY
TO
MY MOTHER
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FOREWORD

WHEN I took the two poems from Nathalia’s mother, and promised to read them, I had seen none of the press notices of Miss Crane’s talent. Being only a quasi-journalist I seldom read the newspapers. I am extremely skeptical of infant prodigies, and the poems of Nathalia’s that I have since seen most quoted in newspaper articles about her are just what you would expect. They prove nothing except that she is a little girl with a lively fancy. Certain poems in this first collection, however, seem to me to prove something more.

Some long time ago in Scotland there was a little girl named Marjorie Fleming, and to-day a twelve-year-old, Helen Douglas Adam, the daughter of a Scotch parson and his wife of Dundee, is her successor overseas to the juvenile purple. Miss Adam has now been published both in England and America. Yet the best poems of hers that I have read do not seem to me to possess such individuality or such maturity of melody and diction as Miss Crane’s best poems. Then there is our own Hilda Conkling, whose mother is a distinguished American poet, and who writes in free verse and has published several volumes of poems. Hilda is a real poet. But she has never grappled with and conquered certain problems of poetic structure from which Miss Crane, by sheer instinct, seems to have wrested occasional victory.

I took the two poems from Nathalia’s mother; and first I read The Blind Girl. I came upon the two verses:

In the darkness who would answer for the color of a rose,
Or the vestments of the May moth and the pilgrimage it goes.

Oh, night, thy soothing prophecies companion all our ways,
Until releasing hands let fall the catalogue of days.

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These lines and the meditation from which they spring were the spontaneous phrasing and the natural meditation of—a child of ten. That in itself, I think, is sufficiently remarkable.

In the darkness who would cavil at the question of a line, Since the darkness holds all loveliness beyond the mere design.

Strange insight for a comparative infant! In her lighter moments—and, naturally, there are a great many—Nathalia’s “heart is all a-flutter like the washing on the line”; she “could not stain romance with monetary fee”; and, when she has sat upon a bumble-bee, she knows “the tenseness of humiliating pain.” Many a grown humorist might envy the freshness of such amusing phrase.

There is much laughter and nonsense in this book—that of a rather romantic little girl with a quick eye and ear and a pert fancy. But there is, as I have intimated, more than that.

Cloud-made mountains towered
   Beckoning to me;
Visionary triremes
   Talked about the sea.

There were strings of camels
   On the Tunis sands.
There were certain cities
   Holding out their hands.

Here the thing we call poetry asserts itself. The instinct for remarkable phrase and striking figurative expression is either inborn or it is not. Facility with rhyme and metre is not nearly so remarkable. But when a child can write, as in the poem My Husbands,

I hear in soft recession
   The praise they give to me;
I hear them chant my titles
   From all antiquity.

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it is almost uncanny. Here is, if you like, a somewhat derivative diction, but here also is true poetry by every test.

He showed me like a master
That one rose makes a gown:
That looking up to Heaven
Is merely looking down.

Well, I not only wonder how she has learned simple finality of phrase so quickly; I also wonder whether she can possibly realize the philosophical implications of her best poems.

As for imagery, Nathalia’s angels hearing “the hurdy-gurdies in the Candle-Maker’s Row” is an example of her fancy that quickens into imagination. She sees the Oriental bees flying “in golden convoys to the mountains of the moon,” she quizzically presents the pathos of The Dinosaurs’ Eggs; she has “steered by stars that sorrowed, with the moonlight in our wake”; she sees Berkley Common

Like a manuscript, all yellow, and with many things deleted,
Yet a manuscript completed, with embellishments most rare,
Berkley Common lies forgotten, with its fields of everlasting,
And the sunlight on the windows of the empty houses there.

As to exactly what she is trying to say in The Symbols, I am in doubt, but it is hard to forget the Talmud stalking like a rabbi in a gown.

On the one hand, with Nathalia, we have simply a rhyming gift turned to amusing descriptions of certain fairly ordinary episodes and characteristics of life that interest every healthily alert young lady. On the other hand, we have the beginnings of a poet with a true ear for rhythm, an eye for the color of words, and a fancy that often rises into the realm of imagination. I only hope that the young lady will continue to enjoy all the ordinary incidents of her existence as much as she has heretofore, and to perfect her technique in her spare moments. It needs perfecting. It is hardly to be wondered XV
at that her work is still in the experimental stage. She
is not yet "the youngest of the seers," nor yet "released
from fetters of ancestral pose," but there is undoubtedly
conquest of poetic beauty "waiting down the years" for
her—"revisions of the ruby and the rose," as she puts
it. Read the first two verses of The Vestal and marvel
that a young lady of Nathalia's age should be able to
master without effort such a perfectly Emily Dickinsonian
idiom. This is no copy; it is something that even Emily
Dickinson would not have been at all ashamed to have
written. And that is a good deal to say.

Now as to prophecies, who can make them? Frankly,
I have not the slightest idea how Miss Crane's gift may
develop. I only know that she has given signs of aston-
ishing precocity as a young poet. Her parents have wisdom
and they will see that she is not spoiled. Her gifts will
simply develop according to her experience of literature
and her experience of life. It is a very ticklish thing to
endeavor in any way to direct so young a gift. It will
find by instinct its own nourishment; that is my belief.

Meanwhile, to Nathalia, good luck on the difficult
road!

WILLIAM ROSE BENET

New York City, May, 1924.
NATHALIA AT TEN

NATHALIA'S day is today. All of Time that is past, from the birth of those odd old folk, the troglodytes, about which she has ruminated so pleasantly, up to and through the final scene of the latest Broadway moving picture is, to her, a harvested crop—important in its way but no longer interesting. And as for tomorrow and the next year, they will have their turn presently. It is today . . .

This extract from Nathalia's as yet unarticulated philosophy is offered by way of information for those who are instinctively inclined to be harsh, on general principles, with a talent that springs, a little too boldly perhaps, ahead of its years.

Nathalia had been writing her verse for several months before Mr. and Mrs. Crane came across it, writing it without fuss or excitement and storing it in a small and private album, content apparently with the reward of whatever pleasure the rereading of it gave her. If she had, even secretly, any concern with such a vanity as applause, she certainly did not betray it. And when shortly before Christmas of 1922, the little girl mailed some of her poems to a Brooklyn newspaper and received immediate acknowledgment from the editor, her parents were as much astonished as, later on, was the editor of a newspaper when, after having accepted a number of poems signed Nathalia Crane, the author herself walked into the office and proved to be a mite of a human being.

I was one of the file of reporters that trailed into Nathalia's home the morning after her first publication, bent less on nourishing and encouraging a young artist than on getting a human-interest story. It was a file that eventually included generous, vociferous, and indis-
culminate eulogists, a file that threatened to demoralize or spoil whatever young talents Nathalia had.

Those kind-hearted newspaper folks showered her with a shocking amount of almost unqualified praise, some of it accurately placed but most of it merely blank fire. This would have been very bad for her but for one thing—Nathalia never read any of it.

And so, unaffected, she maintained the same tenor of her young days, playing with her dolls when she pleased and retiring to her boudoir to make rhythms when she pleased. She has always written, and still does write, only when the fancy prompts her.

What Nathalia has written is the kind of thing that she can write, whatever its merits or demerits. She has measured it against no other verse, youthful or adult. The inspiration for most of it comes from books she has read, which are mainly romantic in character. As for the rest, it happens that she is an extraordinarily articulate little girl, and if in some cases the conceits and fancies which she crystallizes are no rarer than those that, in all probability, throng the mysterious mind of every imaginative child, the explanation is simply that she is able to utter and clarify them, and these other children are, for the most part, normally unable to do that. That also they have, in Nathalia’s case, taken the form of mature work, as evidenced, in one way, by the fact that editors published her contributions for several months before learning that she was so much below the accepted age for serious consideration, is, I believe, another mark of her high singularity.

Others, unfortunately, will be less easily satisfied. A cynicism concerning the future careers of precocious children is one of the rigid fundamentals of nearly every mind. It has, no doubt, a valid basis. But, for that reason, Nathalia’s future, probably very dark in popular prospect, threatens to shade her present. That is why I offered at the outset, as a point of information, the comment on Nathalia’s general attitude toward life. Nathalia,
I am sure, sees no reason why anybody else should read these poems with an eye any further ahead in time than this afternoon’s sunset. She is content to leave the verdict, so far as posterity is concerned, to her own grandchildren.

NUNNALLY JOHNSON

Brooklyn, N. Y., May, 1924.
THE JANITOR'S BOY
AND OTHER POEMS
THE JANITOR'S BOY

Oh I'm in love with the janitor's boy,
    And the janitor's boy loves me;
He's going to hunt for a desert isle
    In our geography.

A desert isle with spicy trees
    Somewhere near Sheepshead Bay;
A right nice place, just fit for two
    Where we can live alway.

Oh I'm in love with the janitor's boy,
    He's busy as he can be;
And down in the cellar he's making a raft
    Out of an old settee.

He'll carry me off, I know that he will,
    For his hair is exceedingly red;
And the only thing that occurs to me
    Is to dutifully shiver in bed.

The day that we sail, I shall leave this brief note,
    For my parents I hate to annoy:
"I have flown away to an isle in the bay
    With the janitor's red-haired boy."
OH, ROGER JONES

Oh, Roger Jones! Oh, Roger Jones!
Oh, Prince! O, Knight! Ah me!
We used to play at keeping house,
Beneath an old oak tree.

Your hair was red, your eyes were brown,
You had a freckled nose;
You were the father of my dolls,
My husband—I suppose.

Oh, Roger! You were only nine,
And I was half-past eight;
It really was romantic, or
As good, at any rate.
THE FLATHOUSE ROOF

I linger on the flathouse roof, the moonlight is divine. But my heart is all a-flutter like the washing on the line.

I long to be a heroine, I long to be serene, But my feet, they dance in answer to a distant tambourine.

And, oh! the dreams of ecstasy. Oh! Babylon and Troy. I've a hero in the basement, he's the janitor's red-haired boy.

There's the music of his mallet and the jigging of his saw; I wonder what he's making on that lovely cellar floor?

He loves me, for he said it when we met upon the stair, And that is why I'm on the roof to get a breath of air.

He said it! Oh! He said it! And the only thing I said Was, “Roger Jones, I like you, for your hair is very red.”

We parted when intruders came a-trampling through the hall; He's got my pocket handkerchief and I have got his ball.

And so it is I'm on the roof. Oh! Babylon and Troy! I'm very sure that I'm in love with someone else's boy.

Alone, upon the starry heights, I'm dancing on a green, To the jingling and the jingling of a distant tambourine.

To the stamping of a hammer and the jiggling of a saw, And the secret sort of feeling I'm in love forever more.

Do you think it's any wonder, with the moonlight so divine, That my heart is all a-flutter, like the washing on the line?
JOHN PAUL JONES

'Tis John Paul Jones—the janitor's boy,
He lives on the gun-deck floor,
Where all of the windows are action ports,
And the dumbwaiters rattle and roar.

The old trash tins are our hand grenades
And the rugs on the backyard lines—
Are the mains of the Britisher Serapis
That we fight with our bursting "Nines."

'Tis John Paul Jones—my Admiral;
His hair is a glorious red;
And I am the maiden who serves as the mate
To see that the sawdust is spread.

He leans on the rail of the laundry tubs
As the Serapis lifts on our lee;
Our gun crews chant by the caronades
And the powder boys yell in their glee.

For he who stands in Colonial rags,
Is born to the gift of the game—
Of shaking the dust from a Serapis,
Or the dust from the halls of fame.

I whirl the wheel of the wash machine
In the spray of a soap-suds sea;
But I know in my heart that the daring Jones
Is winning the fight for me.

And I think it is sweet of John Paul Jones,
In playing the good old game,
To do all the fighting just for love—
With never a thought of fame.
"Oh, wilt thou go a-sailing," said the janitor's boy to me: "It's raining, but I've got a raft rigged with a canopy.

"We carry boisterous batteries, our cannon balls are stones, But I'll wager all your loveliness you're safe with John Paul Jones."

I asked him very faintly was he competent to steer? He said he was authority on rafts and running gear.

Then suddenly his voice sank low to slow and gentle tones, And off I went a-sailing with my captain, John Paul Jones.

We drifted down the avenue that was our sweep of sea. And never man or mermaid any happier than we.

We paused beside a paradise depicted on a sign; We moored fast to the margin of its crimson border line.

We slipped our surf-filled sandals off, we waded to the knee, And when I felt like swooning John Paul Jones supported me.

The darkness hesitated, fearing we might lose our way; We counted all the street lamps 'ere we homeward sought to stray.

We counted corner lanterns, and the understanding stars Saw we were linked by longings for the shining shell-strewn bars.
For the realms reserved for rovers, for the rafts and painted signs,
And the right to moor to ring-heads in the far-off border lines.
THE VACANT LOT

They're going to build a flathouse on the lot next door to me;
And Roger Jones, the janitor's boy, is mad as he can be.

That lot was like a tropic isle, with weeds and rubbish fair,
The rusty cans and coffee pots, that looked like Roger's hair.

'Twas oft we strolled among the weeds, we were in love, you see,
And Roger Jones was going to build a bungalow for me.

We used to rest upon a rock just where the weeds were tall;
We were engaged, I think, until the builders spoiled it all.

But now they've ruined Roger's plans, they've dug up all the lot;
With all the brick and mortar round, you'd never know the spot.

They came with carts and horses; tore our wilderness apart;
No wonder Roger Jones was wild; it nearly broke my heart.

We could have done some wondrous things if time were not so slow;
The weeds, they might have grown to trees, fit for a bungalow.

With rusty cans and broken glass, we'd planned a home so nice;

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But they dumped their brick and mortar in our little paradise.

They dumped their brick and mortar 'mid the smoky lakes of lime,
Yet we won't forget, 'twas Eden—Eden, once upon a time.

Eden, where we dreamed supremely—rusty can and coffee pot;
Eden, with the weeds and rubbish, in a vacant city lot.

And now, we're simply waiting, oh, that janitor's boy and me,
Until the janitor's boy grows up and finds himself quite free

To just discover areas where builders never go,
Where we may live forever in a little bungalow.
THE SWINGING STAIR

FROM the flotsam of a city street we built the Swinging Stair,
And latitude, or longitude, the least of all our care.

A tilting board—an orange crate—the sparrows screamed with glee,
As we swung to port and starboard like a lugger on the sea.

We cruised without a compass, but with merchandise of worth,
To barter pins and needles at the portals of the Earth.

The helmsman was my hero brave, his hair as red could be;
Perhaps he was the janitor's boy, but he belonged to me;

He was mine because I made him master of the Swinging Stair,
And because I liked the color of his very auburn hair.

The surf upon the sandbars called the price of sugar cane:
It was mounting every moment down upon the Spanish Main.

The trades were in the topsails, in the scuppers raced the foam,
But never did we get beyond the gateway of our home.

We have notions that the motions of a lugger 'neath a tree
Do not exactly tally with the leagues she makes at sea;

Yet the glory of the ocean lies in no far distant goal,
But reflections in the water, and the port to starboard roll.

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THE VESTAL

Once a pallid vestal
  Doubted truth in blue;
Listed red as ruin,
  Harried every hue;

Barricaded vision,
  Garbed herself in sighs;
Ridiculed the birth marks
  Of the butterflies.

Dormant and disdainful,
  Never could she see
Why the golden powder
  Decorates the bee;

Why a summer pasture
  Lends itself to paint;
Why love unappareled
  Still remains the saint.

Finally she faltered;
  Saw at last, forsooth,
Every gaudy color
  Is a bit of truth.

Then the gates were opened;
  Miracles were seen;
That instructed damsel
  Donned a gown of green;

Wore it in a churchyard,
  All arrayed with care;
And a painted rainbow
  Shone above her there.
THE BLIND GIRL

In the darkness, who would answer for the color of a rose,
Or the vestments of the May moth and the pilgrimage it goes.

In the darkness who would answer, in the darkness who would care,
If the odor of the roses and the winged things were there.

In the darkness who would cavil o'er the question of a line.
Since the darkness holds all loveliness, beyond the mere design.

Oh night, thy soothing prophecies companion all our ways,
Until releasing hands let fall the catalogue of days.

In the darkness, who would answer for the color of a rose,
Or the vestments of the May moth and the pilgrimage it goes.

In the darkness who would answer, in the darkness who would care,
If the odor of the roses and the better things were there.
PRESCIENCE

A precious place is Paradise and none may know its worth,
But Eden ever longeth for the knickknacks of the earth.

The angels grow quite wistful over worldly things below;
They hear the hurdy-gurdies in the Candle Maker's Row.

They listen for the laughter from the attics of the earth;
They lower pails from heaven's walls to catch the milkmaids' mirth.

By turns they scan the shadow of the dial on the wall;
The rams' heads of that drawbridge never lowered since the fall.

They sway with sweet misgivings, that on rising somewhat late
They may hear unusual noises by the battlemented gate.

See warders at each windlass, every rusty chain a-cry;
See a ponderous portcullis rise, a drawbridge downward fly.

Perchance some summer morning and with no one on the wall,
The warders may get orders and the drawbridge swiftly fall.

A wingless one may be the first to stumble on the scene
And vision earth and heaven, with a rustic bridge between.
LOVE

Now Marjory is seven years,
And I am nine and more.
We went a-strolling after cream
Into a Flatbush store.

The handsome clerk said "Ladies, yes,
I'll serve you with a rush."
He looked so very scrumptious that
We both began to blush.

He smiled at us, we smiled at him.
And then we went away:
We were so captivated, yes,
That we forgot to pay.

Of course we could have sauntered back,
And settled, don't you see,
But oh, we could not stain romance
With monetary fee.
WHAT EVERY GIRL KNOWS

In my bedroom, in my boudoir,
   There's a box I ope no more;
It is packed with all my treasures
   From the ten cent store.

Saturday, a longing seizes—
   Grips me so I scarce can speak,
And I ask for my allowance,
   Mostly thirty cents a week.

Then I call on Margie Lynam,
   And we hasten from the door;
And we go inspecting counters
   In the ten cent store.

We get flushed most every visit
   When we lay our money down;
There are no expert advisors—
   Mr. Woolworth's out of town.

Homeward, purchases we carry,
   And examine them with care;
Then we pile them in the play-box,
   And we always leave them there.

Riches never will be ours,
   We have said it o'er and o'er,
Till they make things all "One Dollar"
   In the ten cent store.
JEALOUSY

Flatbush! Flatbush! Rah! Rah! Rah!
See the bobbed-head riding
On the bob-tailed car.
Flatbush! Flatbush! Rah! Rah! Rah!
I saw a big girl staring at my Pa.

She was standing in the corner, she was turning in her toes.
She must have been a senior—by the powder on her nose.

Her hair was bobbed and blond-like and she was someone's pet,
But I went into action with the battlefield all set.

Rah! Rah! Flatbush! my mother wasn't there,
But some papas are rather young and need a daughter's care.

And that is why in Flatbush we have organized a guard,
Made up of little daughters of the men who work so hard.

Some day, of course, I will mature and know a little more,
But now I am content to be my mother's Signal Corps.

And mother knows when I go out with Pa, things are O. K.,
For I belong to the Flatbush Guards—we don't let father stray.

Flatbush! Flatbush! Rah! Rah! Rah!
I hold on to father's hand
When we go very far.
Flatbush! Flatbush! Rah! Rah! Rah!
See the bobbed-head riding on the bob-tailed car.
MOTHER'S BONNET

This is her bonnet, with ribbons arrayed,
Clearly a calico ambuscade;
It dates from the days of the bricks of straw—
This is the bonnet my mother wore.

This is the bonnet my mother donned
When she walked with a youth by Plymouth Pond;
'Twas the night she wore her beads of jade,
And father fell into the ambuscade.

This is the bonnet I found in a chest,
Daisies and bows in a lavender nest;
It looks like the plumes the Persians wore,
But it must have had wonderful power to draw.
THE RAG BAG

When we went down to grandma's
To visit our dearest kin,
We asked for grandma's rag bag
That hangs in the garret bin.

Oh, grandma's frugal minded
From an old New England day,
But you ought to see that rag bag
And the things she threw away.

There were gloves that had no fingers,
And hose of Highland clans;
There were petticoats from Paris
And Pekin's painted fans.

Our fingers flew at random
Like bees at a flower stall,
And we found that gown of grandma's
That she wore at the governor's ball.

We carried it down from the garret,
The Florentine flounces set;
And we made our grandma show us
How she danced the minuet.

Oh, grandma's frugal minded,
And sometimes her foot goes down,
But her riches she puts in the rag bag
When we are coming to town.
THE FIRST SNOW STORM

The very first snow of the year, Mama,
And the drifts must be ten feet high;
So I've come home to get dry, Mama,
And this is the reason why:

We were on our way from school, Mama,
Betty and Margie and Nan,
When someone gave us a terrible push
And into a drift we ran.

And we sat down in the snow, Mama,
It wasn't as cold as you'd think;
And we thought we would sit for a while, Mama.
And we did, till we grew quite pink.

I feel that my shoes are wet, Mama,
And I fear the same for my hose:
And I fancy I'm rather damp, Mama,
Around in my underclothes.
SUFFERING

I sat down on a bumble bee
In Mrs. Jackson's yard:
I sat down on a bumble bee:
The bee stung good and hard.

I sat down on a bumble bee,
For just the briefest spell,
And I had only muslin on,
As any one could tell.

I sat down on a bumble bee,
But I arose again;
And now I know the tenseness of
Humiliating pain.
THE MAP MAKERS

There was a man who made a map
Of all you see at night;
He made the moon and all the stars
And comets in their flight.

He worked for twenty years or more
And extra ink he bought,
And then he mapped the Milky Way
As sort of an afterthought.

I read the story to Margaret,
She said that it must be true,
For she herself could draw a map
Of Ocean avenue.

She made a dot for Prospect Park,
A blot for Sheepshead Bay,
And then she ruled a line between
To show the right of way.

It took her just five minutes just,
But I have my private fears,
That it isn't quite up to the moon-man's map,
For it never took twenty years.
DIANA

DIANA, out of Italy, my sister's protégée,
She came to us, with letters, for a little summer stay.

Diana, she was beautiful, and yet she made me laugh—
Forever and forever taking one eternal bath.

She had lost her bow and arrow, she had lost her lingerie,
But she was far from Venice and my sister's protégée.

And because of her distinction, and the wonder of design,
Her color and her contour, surpassing any line,

I braved a frowning family, I offered her my best,
And worshipped her in silence as my sister's chosen guest.

As the flowers seek the sunlight, as the birds adore the air,
So Diana loved the water, loved to comb her Titian hair.

The neighbors talked of nothing but my sister Mary's
taste—
Of vagaries and vanities, and time that went to waste.

But when my sister came at last to claim our protégée,
I was her only confidante, and comfort's only ray;

I was her only confidante in all the good old town,
And she whispered: "Our Diana never owned a dressing
gown;

"Never owned a beaded bodice, never owned a veil of
tulle;
"Her gowns are made from sparkles of the waters of a
pool;
"And those who cry for draperies, arouse the gods of
wrath,
"For the gods possess their copies of 'Diana at the Bath!'"
THE READING BOY

HE is carved in alabaster, he is called the Reading Boy.
A cross-legged little pagan, pondering o'er the Siege of Troy;
He's a miniature Adonis, with a bandeau round his head,
And he's reading late and early when he ought to be in bed.

He cons an ancient manuscript, he scanneth as a sage,
But with all his mighty reading, never yet hath turned a page;
Never alabaster side glance at the turtle in the bowl,
Never alabaster wiggle, 'though I know he has a soul.

I have watched him late and early, just an image out of Rome,
And politely offered bookmarks to divert him from that tome;
Yea, with aggravating gestures sought to turn aside his face,
But not for pots of honey could you make him lose his place.

There he sits in sweet perfection that the chisel did unveil,
With the rapture of an angel up against a lively tale.
But I'd give an old maid's ransom, just to see that little wretch,
Discard that Trojan magazine, and give a real good stretch.
THE BATTLE ON THE FLOOR

My father was a soldier, so
Some nights he talks of war;
He tells of guns at "action right,"—
The battlefield's the floor.

He says: "My little daughter Nan,
"There's art in every fight,
"So push the chairs and rugs around
"And set the battle right.

"Put down the vase and candlesticks,
"And throw the books around—
"We want to show a town in France,
"With shell-holes in the ground.

"Here's infantry and batteries,
"And outposts, out before;
"That piece of string will do for wires
"Laid by the Signal Corps.

"The enemy's upon the rug,
"We've fathomed their design;
"So now we'll bring the doughboys up
"And charge the whole darn line."

The captains, on the carpet, shout—
"Reserves are back too far"—
But the guns go into action with
The smoke of Pa's cigar.

Then Ma gets mad, and says that Pa
Was shell-shocked once in War,
Or else he wouldn't want to play
At battles on the floor.

45
She says that war is bad enough,
   And pretty rough, to boot,
Without a battlefield at home,
   Or teaching girls to shoot.

Then Pa, he stops the battle, and
   We put things in their place;
We know when we have fought enough,
   By the look on Mother's face.

But I'd just as soon be shell-shocked some,
   To know what father knows;
I'd just as soon stay out at night—
   In France—and wet my clothes,

For I'd like to see a battle fierce,
   With star shells up at night,
With regiments upon the move,
   And guns at "action right."

With cunning ammunition mules
   A-trotting to and fro,
And personal friends a-shouting in
   The dark, "Let's Go."

I think that Father's quite correct
   Describing things to me,
And all that war in rainy France
   That lies across the sea;

For Father feels that every girl
   Should have some nerve and tone,
And know just how to manage in
   A battle all her own.
MID-DAY AT TRINITY

The pigeons perch on Trinity,
   From cowls of saints they croon;
In pious patience preen their wings
   Till Trinity strikes noon.

They make their vows to visions fair,
   The maids with mid-day smiles;
They wait their own communion sweet-
   The crumbs along the aisles.

And presently from Wall Street strolls
   A princess past a gate;
She pries apart a paper box
   As if she scarce could wait.

She sinks upon an old settee,
   Her luncheon in her lap;
And other maidens follow her—
   A score or more, mayhap.

The pigeons peer from pinnacles,
   They see their tables spread;
The sugar and the spices strewn,
   The crusts of creamy bread.

The saints upon the walls maintain
   Their attitudes benign;
But conquered by confusing quests,
   The doves drift down to dine.
CASTLE "BILL"

Down on Gov'nors Island,
Ivy etched and chill,
Hollow as a halo,
There is Castle "Bill."

Once the pride of outfits—
Prisoners under guard,
Form for evening roll-call
In the castle yard.

Sentries with their side arms,
Counting, one by one,
While the twilight tarries
For the sunset gun.

Miles away the music
Soundeth at parade
Chanting of Cochita,
Filipino maid;

Chanting of Cochita
Of Corregidor;
Piping of the palm trees
'Long Lunetta shore.

Dusty gunners listen,
Lead and chain and wheel;
Long ago Manila
Held them all to heel;

Boys from all battalions,
Saberless and still,
Waiting on a sunset—
Down in Castle "Bill."
CASTLE WILLIAM

WHERE Buttermilk Channel doth seek to beguile
Diffident margins of Governor's Isle,

There is a fortress all bastioned and chill,
Known to the army as old "Castle Bill."

There are occasions when soldiers may smile;
Not in that castle on Governor's Isle;
Not in the cloisters where sentries abound;
Not where a gun butt leaps up from the ground.

Oh! There are many—the old cannoneers,
Infantry sergeants and grave grenadiers;

They have gone onward to zones of desire,
Scorning all theories of musketry fire;

They have advanced to civilian vales,
Building new barracks for sweet nightingales.

Yet they revert in their leisure sedate,
Seeing in visions that old castle gate;

Still they remember their days in the mill—
Down in the casemates of old "Castle Bill."
THE ROLL OF THE ROSES

We called the roll of the roses
And all of the front rank red,
Were present and ready for duty,
To serve with the living or dead.

We called the roll of the roses,
But where were the yellow and white?
With the troubadours on a terrace—
Somewhere secure in the night.

We break no pledge to the poppies
Or the culls of a country lane;
Our own were alone in denying
The levies we sought in vain.

Now who shall match us a color
In the talk of a kinship fair,
When none of the white or the yellow,
But only the red were there.

We called the roll of the roses
On the field where the roses fell;
And a distant down made answer
With a troubadour tolling a bell.
THE GOSSIPs

The rose bud that grew by the settle,
   Bowed low to the gossiping thrusts;
The poet was praising the nettle,
   The nettle that nobody trusts.

The pansies were painted in postures,
   The poppies have stood on their toes;
But long before mention of Moses
   Her rivals have flouted the rose.

Oh! Sweetness a-sway by the settle,
   Be still on thy beautiful stem;
For love never clung to the nettle—
   The nettle that burns to condemn.

Fear not for a moment's defection,
   Though pansies and poppies may pose;
For after a bit of reflection
   The rover returns to the rose.
TO-MORROW

The sun shall shine in ages yet to be,
The musing moon illumine pastures dim,
And afterward a new nativity
For all who slept the dreamless interim.

The starry brocade of the summer night
Is linked to us as part of our estate;
And every bee that wings its sidelong flight
Assurance of a sweeter, fairer fate.

The blazoned humming-bird hath made it plain—
It seeks ravines where wildings wreathe each wall;
And there succeeding broods are marked again
By rainbows o’er a rambling waterfall.

When you return, the youngest of the seers,
Released from fetters of ancestral pose,
There will be beauty waiting down the years—
Revisions of the ruby and the rose.
THE ROSE OF REST

From the water-gate of Pekin, where the latticed lanterns glow,
Eastward to the Cherry Gardens in the heart of Tokio,

There is none who may outrank her, none who answers love's behest,
None of all my seven daughters like the little Rose of Rest.

Her eyes are questing colors, matchless mirrors of delight,
The turquoise dawn of China and the duskiness of night.

Her lips are pouting poppies by love's tender tempests blown,
They tremble with the secrets only Buddha could have known.

She cometh in the twilight with the tamarinds and tea;
She kneeleth near to serve me in the sweet obscurity.

She sayeth not a single word, but ever I am blest,
And I fall asleep caressing her, the little Rose of Rest.
THE SYMBOLS

The sign work of the Orient it runneth up and down,
The Talmud stalks from right to left, a rabbi in a gown;

The Roman rolls from left to right from Maytime unto May,
But the gods shake up their symbols in an absent-minded way.

Their language runs to circles like the language of the eyes,
Emphasized by strange dilations and with little panting sighs.

There are symbols set as signals for unbarricaded lips,
Emblems manifesting merits thrilling to the finger tips.

The very serpents bite their tails; the bees forget to sting,
For a language so celestial setteth up a wondering.

And the touch of absent-mindedness is more than any line,
Since direction counts as nothing when the gods set up a sign.
THE SALAMANDER ISLES

SNARING lights surmount the sand-dunes of the Salamander Isles;
The chime buoys chant new tunes each tide, false soundings run for miles.

And yet, for lures like these we set such sail as we could make;
We steered by stars that sorrowed, with the moonlight in our wake.

We dipped or rose supremely as we shook our freeboard clear;
We clung, but smiled serenely when the head seas swept our gear.

We were captives of the currents, we were harried by the flaw,
Or the red mists from the marshes mocked the navigator’s law.

Glimpsed we evanescent channels, marked by flares upon a wreck,
But the channels shoaled to shallows ere the tops could hail the deck.

Yet we won to realization that the ports long sought in vain,
Were illusive as the May moths or the madrigals of Spain;

And that only charts from China, drawn by wizards full of wiles,
Would give the proper bearings for the Salamander Isles.
THE CHESS GAME

My king, my queen, the castle twain, each bishop, pawn
and knight,
I led them into battle by the flick’ring candle light.

I led them into combat ’gainst a genius at the game,
And the candles all were laughing as I sought to hide my
shame.

But the little silver chessmen that were wrought in Samar-
cand
Caught the spirit of crusaders there upon the teakwood
stand.

The warriors all murmured, while the monarch moved
to lean
And voice his plan of action to his understanding queen:

“For the sake of all the trumpeters who had to sound
retreat—
For the sake of all beginners who have gone down to
defeat;

“We will fight, no human guiding, for a lovely lady’s
fame,
And we’ll run our counter-gambit to a checkmate in the
game.”

Oh, the glory of that battle, thunder marching in the
ranks;
The castles staunchly standing, and the proud pawns on
the flanks.

The queen with her litter and the king upon the right
Spurred on each knight and bishop in the fury of the fight
'Mid the stone piles of his slingers surged my men of Samarcand,
And we conquered our opponent on that polished teakwood stand.

Thus reality was riven by the wisdom of a wraith,
By the images inanimate that fought for love and faith;

By the images inanimate that came from Samarcand
To show their knightly courtesy upon a teakwood stand.
THE DINOSAURS' EGGS

ONE morn in old Mongolia,
    In Asia's arid lands,
Men found the eggs of dinosaurs
    Upon the Gobi sands.

The one-time myths in miniature,
    The seeds that turned to stone;
The mirage of forgotten things
    Upon the sands were strown.

Fate left them to strange lassitudes,
    The lonely and the still,
That could have tusked creation's flanks
    But for some sudden chill.

The roses pined in weary wastes
    Yet won to garden wall;
The honey-loving humming-birds
    Outlived a waterfall;

The does a-down the centuries
    Soft nosed each little fawn;
The robin's breast was o'er her brood,
    All gentle things were born.

With sweet significance the bowers
    Gave beckonings and smiles,
And then came Eden's wistful mates
    To walk in Eden's aisles.

But in the Gobi solitudes,
    The tombs time left unlatched—
There lay in wind-blown shrouds of sand
    The eggs that never hatched.
THE FIRST STORY

MID seaweed on a sultry strand, ten thousand years ago,
A sun-burned baby sprawling lay, a-playing with his toe.

The babe was dreaming of the day that he might swing
a club,
When lo! He saw a fishy thing, a-squirming in the mud.

The creature was an octopus, and dangerous to pat,
But the prehistoric infant never stopped to think of that.

The baby's fingernails were sharp, his appetite was prime,
He clutched that deep-sea monster, for 'twas nearing sup-
per-time,

Oh! Suddenly, from out the pulp a fluid black did flow,
'Twas flavored like a barberry wine and gave a sort of
glow;

It squirted in the baby's eyes; it made him gasp and blink,
But to that octopus he held, and drank up all the ink.

The ink was in the baby—he was bound to write a tale;
So he wrote the first of stories with his little fingernail.
THE THREE-CORNERED LOT

Said the farmer to his daughter: "When I die, as like as not,
I'll leave to you the title to the old three-cornered lot.

"'Tis the vale beyond the pastures, never any good to me,
With the huckleberry bushes and the silver maple-tree.

"Fair scenery for song birds, but too small to cultivate;
Yet there's a wall around it, like a foolish man's estate."

Fell a blight upon the corn fields; stood an empty barn
and cot;
The farmer's holdings dwindled to the old three-cornered
lot.

He saw his home dismantled; learned that permanence,
alas,
Is the portrait of a swallow painted on the shadow grass.

Came his daughter as a seeress, and she said: "As like as
not,
I'm giving back the title to the old three-cornered lot.

"'Tis just a bit of scenery too sweet to cultivate,
Yet there's a wall around it, like a nobleman's estate;

"There are huckleberry bushes and a length of garden
loam,
And the stone walls of the foolish man wherewith to
build a home."
"THE History of Honey"—by an aged mandarin,
And I bought it for the pictures of the burnished bees therein.

For the dainty revelations, masquerading up and down,
For the odor of the sandalwood that talked of Chinatown.

According to the mandarin, the Oriental bees
Were the first to hoard their honey in the mountain cavities.

In the ages of antiquity, each summer afternoon,
They flew in golden convoys to the mountains of the moon.

And there, in caves by cataracts, where nothing could annoy,
Poured gallons in the caverns when Confucius was a boy.

Many mountains bulged with honey stored before the days of Ming,
From each crevice dripped the essence of a very precious thing.

Imprisoned in this honey, aging as the æons wane,
Are the souls of all the flowers, waiting to be born again.

Every lotus, every poppy, every tulip, every rose,
And those who sip the honey slip beyond all human woes.
Dream again of youth's digressions, index misty ways of joy,
Turn unto the pagan pastimes of Confucius—as a boy.

Doubtless there are yet secreted some divine distilleries
Overflowing with the wonder worth a dozen dynasties.

But the mandarin, he made no map, contented in old age
To draw the clinging love scenes of the bees on every page.

There he found an inspiration antedating all the Mings,
And he got the ancient essence of the very sweetest things.
THE HISTORY OF PAINTING

A SHADOW and reflection quarelled once upon a time,
Disputing o' er the setting for a woodland pantomime.

One claimed that color dominates and waved to heaven's blue;
The other held that outline makes an angel worth the view.

The tumult shook the thrushes' nests, the fledglings joined their cries;
Forth came the fauns from forest gloom with wistful enterprise.

Reflection flung her florid robes o' er gneiss and dolomite;
The shadow bowed to everything that stood within the light.

But color lacked the candor and the certainty divine;
The shadow clung forever to the flatness of a line.

Spake suddenly an oracle, gray-feathered, blindly wise:
"The absence of the sunlight worketh wonders in the eyes;

"For light and shades are synonyms of things that stand apart
Till love creates a question and a longing in each heart."

The fledglings caught the utterance, the fauns were there to see;
They stayed to watch a shadow kiss a rose light recklessly.

Thereafter there was artistry, the brooks began to paint;
The ferns were willing models and the lilacs lost restraint;
The lakes were filled with sunsets and the birth-marked butterflies
On balanced wings were cruising 'cross the mirrors of the skies.

The granite learned to glisten and the rocks that held the rain
Awoke to truer technique, tempting visions back again.

Thus from a bickering were born the painter's art and lore
That beauty might be glorified by love forever more.
THE ROAD TO ROSLYN

Upon the road to Roslyn Town,
The road that skirts the bay;
Upon the road to Roslyn Town,
Upon a summer's day;

I met a dark-haired Gypsy girl,
'Twas afternoon, and late;
With haunting eyes she halted me
By Thomas Clapham's gate.

She was bent upon the business of
A very ancient race;
But no mercenary motive marred
That sombre Gypsy face.

"Oh, maiden beautiful," she said,
"Let's tarry on the green—
What luck upon the Roslyn Road
To meet a Gypsy queen."

With amber eyes she read my palm,
Then raised them to a stare,
'You wed for love, for wealth, for power,
And thrice three sons will bear."

She asked me for a silver piece,
The amber eyeballs glowed;
I gave her all the change I had,
Upon the Roslyn Road.

She begged from me my hosiery,
My gloves, and named my beau;
She slipped the Solway sandals from
The infantry below;
She got from me my garnet ring,
She cozened off my gown;
She left me like Godiva on
The Road to Roslyn Town.

Oh, I went home across the lots
In the gloaming and in tears,
But she didn't get my earrings, for
The bobbed hair hid my ears.
THE ARMY LAUNDRESS

BESIDE a somber sally port upon a bastioned isle
There dwells a bare-armed laundry girl to serve the rank
and file.

Her name is Sheila Shanahan, she reigns in Soap Suds Row,
The lane that won to luster in the army long ago.

She bendeth o'er a wash tub while the sentries walk the
walls,
And pyramids are builded from the brooding cannon balls.

She elevates an army post without the least design,
The belle of all the barracks hanging clothes upon a line.

Fate ransacked ancient reveries to dower youth's desire,
Unrolled the scrolls of Sidon and the tapestries of Tyre;

She pilfered from Parnassus till the gods ran to and fro.
Then gave her golden gleanings to the girl in Soap Suds Row.

Oh, there are many lovers of sweet Sheila Shanahan,
The seagulls and the sundown breeze upon the barbican;

The pigeons on the parapets, the disappearing guns,
The sign-boards on the magazines, the Colonel's rompered sons,

And while the sunset tarrieth and while an army waits,
The children from the post school storm the dusty barrack gates;

They wander into Soap Suds Row with laughter in the
van
The bravest of the cavaliers of Sheila Shanahan.
REGINA MENDOSENA

I'm Regina Mendosena, queen of all of Shanty Town; Just behold me in me sport dress with me stockings hanging down;
Just behold me with me sceptre, Mither Grady's washing stick, A sunflower for a coronet—me foot upon a brick.
I'm Regina Mendosena, and I'm Irish if you please, Me mither was an actress and me faither sailed the seas; And for culture and for travel, it was hard to beat the pair— I'm Regina Mendosena and 'tis me that is their heir.
They made me Queen of Ireland when mither flew the town; They gave me Madden's old shebang when faither's ship went down;
They gave me Crazy Mary's goats when Crazy Mary died, And they're going to kape me going till I gits to be a bride.
I'm Regina Mendosena, queen of all of Shanty Town, Me pus'nal friends admiring all the contour of me gown; Me pus'nal friends remarking on the browness of me eyes, I'm Regina Mendosena—but I wonder if they lies?
I'm Regina Mendosena, and 'tis when to Mass I go, I gown meself discreetly with me braidings in a bow; I'm Regina Mendosena, I'm the same and not the same, For I lay aside me titles and me very ancient name.
THE GIRL FROM SOAP SUDS ROW

Oh! Mistress Margaret Esther Snow,
She lived way down in Soap Suds Row;
She came to school in a gingham frock,
   With breakfast stains upon her smock.

Oh! Mistress Margaret Esther Snow
Is rather poor as we all know;
Her socks are a most unusual sight,
   And her shoes are never quite watertight.

She missed her lessons most every day;
She seemed too sad to want to play;
So Miss McHugh, our teacher grave,
   Said she was meeker than any slave.

She so admonished poor Mistress Snow,
That the little girl longed for Soap Suds Row;
And lastly, the teacher, to make her bright,
   Gave her a piece to learn to recite.

For three whole days we didn't know
   The piece she had given to Mistress Snow;
But on Monday morning Miss McHugh
   Said: "Margaret will speak for the 2-A-2."

Then Mistress Margaret Esther wailed,
   And all of us girls in sympathy paled;
But all of a sudden she walked right out,
   She tossed her head as she turned about.

She made a most wonderful Grecian bow
   That someone had taught her in Soap Suds Row;
Her eyes were shining—she wasn't afraid,
   And she spoke "The Charge of the Light Brigade."
Did she speak that piece? Well, I guess she did.
'Twas a fight to a finish—she took off the lid;
The up-stairs classes—they heard her shout,
And the principal came to see what 'twas about.

But Mistress Margaret—she never stayed—
She gave us the whole of "The Light Brigade."
You could smell the smoke, you could see each gun;
You could hear the galloping horses run.

And we sat stunned in the 2-A-2.
When we saw what Soap Suds Row could do;
For she told of the battle and everything done,
With everyone dead and the glory won.

Sometimes her voice was like sugar plums,
And then it shook with the noise of drums;
And the girls upstairs, they thought 'twas true
That there was a fight in the 2-A-2

Well, when it was over, so sweet was her face
That she seemed as if dressed in velvet and lace;
And she made that wonderful bow once more,
Till her rather scant petticoat touched the floor.

We clapped our hands, and we made them smart,
And we were happy around the heart,
For the way that the teachers crowded in
Added a lot to the lovely din.

Poor Miss McHugh was pleased till she cried,
While the 2-A-2 just swelled with pride;
And so excited was Miss McHugh
That she didn't know just the thing to do.
But she kissed our beauty of Soap Suds Row,
   Till Margaret's face was all aglow;
She mentioned that Marge was a human lute—
   She was glad that her bread was bearing fruit.

Then the principal said in his stately way
   That for 1-3-9 'twas a very proud day,
And that close alignment to classroom rules
   Made genius flourish in public schools.

But somehow the girls in the 2-A-2,
   They get things just a bit askew;
And they surmise that Mistress Snow
   Found most of her genius in Soap Suds Row.
EVA

EVA, the first of the fair ones,
   Taught all her daughters to paint;
Using indelible colors,
   Seeress and siren and saint.

Banished them all to the brook brims,
   There in benign ambuscade,
Taught them the art of portraying
   Beauty that never may fade.

Voiced she the values of the shadows
   Moored to the moss-mantled crags;
Primed them to pose by the dwarf palms
   And mid the cat-tails and flags.

Thus by each crevice and cavern,
   Thus in the lunettes and glades,
There are depicted all damsels,
   Eva's most wonderful maids.

Traceries tender and dimpled,
   Intricate art of design;
Shadowy ideals of Eden,
   Even of Eva, divine.

Breathe but a name in the bowers,
   Pour out her praise as a prayer;
Forth from the fronds floats a presence,
   Vestured in loveliness rare.

Thus, since the first of the fair ones,
   All of the daughters of Eve,
Portray in permanent colors,
   Making men see and believe.
OLD MAID'S REVERIE

I'm tired of mirthless mirrors and their hostile heresies,  
Of musing in a mansion hung with mildewed memories;

Of the silence of the stairways, of the statuary wan,  
Of the alabaster angel riding on the fountain swan;

I'm irked by isolation and the lawns kept so and so—  
I'd trade an old maid's theories for a rood of Soap Suds Row;

For the sunflowers and the shanties where the shadows  
sit at ease,  
For the horde of baby banshees and the swing-scarred  
apple-trees;

Therefore methinks I'll venture to a disarrayed domain,  
And shoonless dance the saraband in some assuaging lane.

No sandals wrought in Sybaris, or girdle bossed with gold,  
But beauty in a barefoot mood, revising edicts old.

There cupids turn the calendars to Michael Angelo,  
The goya needs no gabardine, the rose no kimono;

And me, a maiden mendicant may ask an alms, forsooth,  
As one who missed the rubrics in the litanies of youth.
THE COMMONPLACE

By the steps of the paper-box factory,
   Or the gates where the Seraphim nod,
In the time and the place that's appointed,
   You will meet with your commonplace god.

And then you'll be glad and forever,
   For the queens of the East and the West,
With the sets of the Garden of Eden
   Have failed in a commonplace quest.

So to you who have dreamed in the starlight,
   And to you who have drugged in the town,
And to you of the commonplace vision,
   With the beauty the Greeks handed down,

Doubt not that the time is appointed,
   That the chart with a quester is girt,
But remember that star-dust is star-dust
   And ranks not the commonest dirt;

That the gods of Olympus were beggars
   Or ever they burned to create,
And that rags ripple down into samite
   For a Venus who swings on a gate;

That the steps of the paper-box factory,
   As well as the gardens of kings,
Are only the blue-print devices
   Of love, and the commonplace things.
BERKLEY COMMON

Summer broods o'er Berkley Common, o'er the fields of everlasting,
And around the common cluster homes no one would ever rent;
The people that once lived there, long have gone to other places,
Dusty heirlooms in the garrets give a clue to where they went.

Like a manuscript, all yellow, and with many things deleted,
Yet a manuscript completed, with embellishments most rare,
Berkley Common lies forgotten, with its fields of everlasting,
And the sunlight on the windows of the empty houses there.

It is off the line of travel; to the present unrelated;
Only peddlers down from Dighton go that way to Taunton Weir;
They haste by Berkley Common, by the fields of everlasting,
For the empty houses fill them with a feeling like to fear.
CHOICE

Cloud-made mountains towered,
    Beckoning to me;
Visionary triremes
    Talked about the sea . . .

There were strings of camels
    On the Tunis sands . . .
There were certain cities
    Holding out their hands . . .

Mine the choice that fettered
    Lips to fountain brim;
Timed the droning transits—
    Bees in gardens dim.

Thus I pay no tribute,
    Heed no tallier's call;
Only sound of kisses
    From a waterfall.

Only honey dripping
    In a hollow tree;
First of hour glasses
    Keeping time for me.

Only broken whispers,
    Tracing themes unsaid;
Soft as tread of visions
    O'er a poppy bed . . .
THE FIRE VASE

Said the potter to the flower pots: "It's a question of design—
Must I hold my hands forever from the images divine?"

He ran a royal pattern and he shaped a wondrous vase,
From the peach-bloom drew his color, from the rose-blend drew his glaze.

Came collectors of ceramics, connoisseurs who stayed to yearn;
Something wonderful was hidden 'neath the cover of that urn.

Some said 'twas filled with roses, others wagered it was wine,
One said it might be empty as a part of the design.

Nearly all of the appraisers for the outside made their bid,
But the one who bought the beauty dreamed of what was 'neath the lid.

He set it on his cottage hearth, the vase beside the fire,
And the cover rose in answer to a very old desire,

And through the peach-bloom color and the rose-blend of the glaze,
He saw love's lost illusions safe within the potter's vase.
MY HUSBANDS

I hear my husbands marching
The æons all adown:
The shepherd boys and princes—
From cavern unto crown.

I hear in soft recession
The praise they give to me;
I hear them chant my titles
From all antiquity.

But never do I answer,
I might be overheard;
Lose Love’s revised illusions
By one unhappy word.

I sit, a silent siren,
And count my cavaliers;
The men I wed in wisdom,
The boys who taught me tears.

To some I gave devotion,
To some I kinked the knee;
But there was one old wizard
Who laid his spells on me.

He showed me like a master
That one rose makes a gown;
That looking up to Heaven
Is merely looking down.

He marked me for the circle,
Made magic in my eyes;
He won me by revealing
The truth in all his lies.
So, when I see that wizard
Among the marchers dim,
I make the full court curtsy
In fealty to him.
IN a maze of contributions such as the poetry editor of a large metropolitan newspaper printing daily two or three poems receives there came to me unheralded one morning in the mail a little poem which bore the name of an author of whom I had never heard—Nathalia Crane. It was a whimsical piece of verse such as an editor rarely receives, a rhythmical, lilting production that would gladden the heart of any one. It was called The History of Honey. Needless to say it was accepted for publication. Subsequently others submitted by Nathalia Crane also found a place in The Sun.

Then followed some correspondence in regard to various other poems but a call at the office made by the author in answer to a letter about the poem The Army Laundress disclosed to my amazement that the writer was none other than a little girl—a shy, unassuming youngster who was as embarrassed during the interview as I was myself. For I must admit I was embarrassed—or rather taken aback.

My surprise is excusable. So many times I had received "poems" from youngsters who were careful to give their ages in addition to their names; so often I had received visits from doting parents or relatives requesting publication of verses by their children or sisters or cousins that I had never dreamed any child would ever submit any work from his or her pen without adding the words "Aged — years." But little Nathalia was the exception—and there was nothing in her poems that I received to indicate her age.

The poems bought were accepted on their merits and on their merits alone, and many a poet of greater years
and of recognized standing would not despise being known as the author of *The Reading Boy, The Three Cornered Lot* and *The Commonplace*.

Nathalia Crane is a little girl who plays with dolls and toys and Roger Jones, whom she has glorified in some of her poems, when she is not busy at a typewriter giving expression to dreams and visions. She is also an author of delightful verse who obtained wide recognition of her work not because it was written by a child but because it was in itself worth while reading. For this alone, if for nothing else, she deserves all the success that is hers, all the laurels with which her friends and readers are glad to crown her and none more than the writer of this “Afterword” who came to know Nathalia Crane through her poetry which did not disclose her years.

EDMUND LEAMY.

*New York, May, 1924.*
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